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# Application of thin-film Cu(In,Ga)Se2 modules in PV roads

Feasibility tests and installation

1/20/2022





### OUTLINE

- > Introduction Rolling Solar project
- > Motivations Thin Film Solar in Road
- > Activities during preparation phase
  - > Design support and verification
  - > Pilot production
  - Installation
- > Status and perspectives





### **INTRODUCTION ROLLING SOLAR**

Interreg project 2019-2022 with 23 partners from Germany, Belgium and The Netherlands

> 5,7 M€ project budget, project leader Peter Toonssen







### **INTRODUCTION ROLLING SOLAR**

#### ) <u>Main goals</u>: Develop and accelerate approaches for PV integration in infrastructure

- At TNO part of Solliance: Develop pilots integrating thin film CIGS into noise barriers and SolaRoad elements
- Compared with Si-based pilots during monitoring







# **MOTIVATIONS FOR THIN FILM FOR SOLAR IN ROAD**

#### Current approach for installation SolaRoad

- Standard Si modules integrated into elements with anti-skid layer in factory
- Heavy (6000 kg) single elements transported to installation site







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#### Envisioned approach with thin film

- Large rolls of flexible PV transported to site and rolled out over existing layer of asphalt/concrete
- Anti-skid layer deposited afterwards on-site, or beforehand and rolled-up









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#### <u>Requirements still to be met</u>

- Mass customisation line for TF laminates (in progress)
- Anti-skid layer that can be deposited on site or beforehand

Approach envisioned here not possible yet, but first study on feasibility for using TF PV in Solar in Road application can be done.





**European Regional Development Fund** 

# **APPROACH FOR THIN FILM ROLLING SOLAR**

#### Analogous to 'phase A' with Si

- CIGS modules prepared beforehand •
- Modules glued to concrete element with bitumen •
- Deposition of anti-skid layer in factory •
- Placed as single element directly on site •

Designed to have similar power ouput (voltage and current) as Phase A for fair comparison between demonstrators.





## **ACTIVITIES PHASE B**





European Regional Development Fund



- Electrical modelling



#### VITIES PHASE B DEVE



#### **1. DESIGN SUPPORT AND VERIFICATION**



SolaRoad **NO** innovation for life

ΖU

Material and knowledge supply

PV laminate production and testing

Mechanical testing

In-situ thermal cycling

PV laminate modelling

Road element modelling



ISAC

Simulation electrical design for pilot



# **ACTIVITIES PHASE B DEVELOPMENT**







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#### **3. INSTALLATION AND MONITORING**







### **DESIGN SUPPORT AND VERIFICATION**



#### **Adhesion**

Is adhesion sufficient between:

- Standard backsheet and concrete?
- Standard FS and anti-skid layer?





### **DESIGN SUPPORT AND VERIFICATION**



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Is adhesion sufficient between:

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#### Mechanical resilience

What stack build-up of the TF laminate offers best protection against traffic loading?

Variables: thickness epoxy and PO, AFS, diodes





## **DESIGN SUPPORT AND VERIFICATION**



Which dominant degradation modes are observed in accelerated lifetime tests?

#### Adhesion

Is adhesion sufficient between:

- Standard backsheet and concrete?
- Standard FS and anti-skid layer?

#### Mechanical resilience

What stack build-up of the TF laminate offers best protection against traffic loading?

Variables: thickness epoxy and PO, AFS, diodes



### **MECHANICAL RESILIENCE TESTS** ARTE AND WHEEL TEST

ARTe (Ravelling test)



Wheel test





**Tested samples** 



Room temperature (uncontrolled) Non-reproducible loading

Controlled temperature (standard 60°C) 70 kg load on axis Loading along single line 32 x 26 cm 6 cells in series



Rolling

**OBSERVATIONS** 

) Mechanical loading resulted in  $\sim 8\%$  (rel.) efficiency loss. Mainly due to soiling, in some cases (2/9) due to delamination

• After 1000 h damp heat, non-delaminated samples had up to 20% efficiency loss

) Initial efficiencies of test samples  $\sim 15-16\%$  (15.7%  $\pm$  0.3)



) No change in average efficiency after toplayer deposition



## **APPROACH FOR PHASE B ROLLING SOLAR**



One element with FBG sensors for temperature and strain, at two locations



## **PILOT PRODUCTION AND INSTALLATION**



> Element preparation at Strukton prefab (September/October 2021)





# **PILOT PRODUCTION AND INSTALLATION**



22

> Transport to Chemelot, installation and measurement on site (October 2021)



### WHAT IS NEXT



### PILOT 2 (THIN FILM): SETTING UP MONITORING, FIRST TEST SEQUENCE



- Tests of monitoring system done November-December 2021
- **Power measurements without traffic** in progress, until end of January 2022
- IV measurements on site planned by end of January 2022
- 'Live' measurements during loading with pedestrians, cyclsists and cars January/February 2022
- Tests with increasing number of cars: 20, 100, 250, 500, 750, 1000 February/March 2022





### **THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!**



