



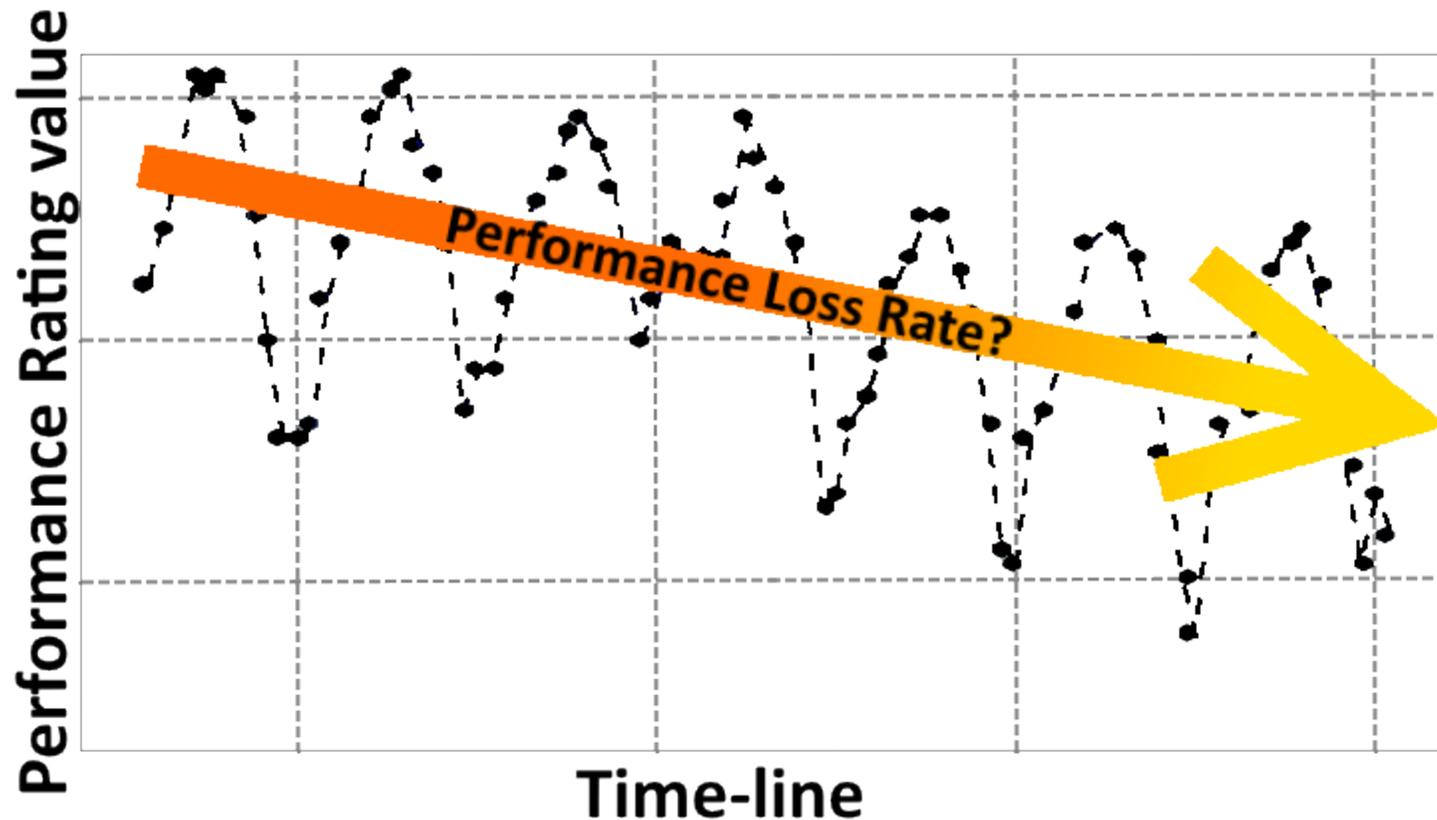
Performance Loss Rates & Data requirements

Sascha Lindig

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What is a Performance Loss Rate?

Parameter, which indicates the decline of the power output of a PV system over time



0. Exploratory data analysis for data quality & grading

0.a Data availability

P_{mpp} ; G_{POA} ;
 T_{mod} ; T_{amb} ;
wind speed

0.b Data quality assessment & grading

Outliers, missing, gaps

1. Input data cleaning/filtering

1.a Data assembly

Data imputation,
Timestamp validation

1.b Filter application

P_{mpp} ; G_{POA} ; T_{mod} ;
 PR ; *clear sky*

2. Performance metric selection, corrections & aggregation

2.a Perf. Metric

Predicted Power,
Performance Ratio

2.b Temp. corrections

IEC61724-1, UTC

2.c Data aggregation

Daily; weekly; monthly;
yearly

3. Timeseries feature corrections

3.a Seasonal decomp.

CSD; STL; HW

3.b Imputation of

Power P ; PR

3.c Outlier Removal

Z-score; Interquartile
range

4. PLR Result

4.a Statistical models

Regression; YoY

4.b PLR Determination

4.c Assess Confid. Int.

P_{mpp} – PV power in the maximum power point

G_{POA} – irradiance in the plane of array

T_{mod} – module temperature

T_{amb} – ambient temperature

PR – Performance Ratio

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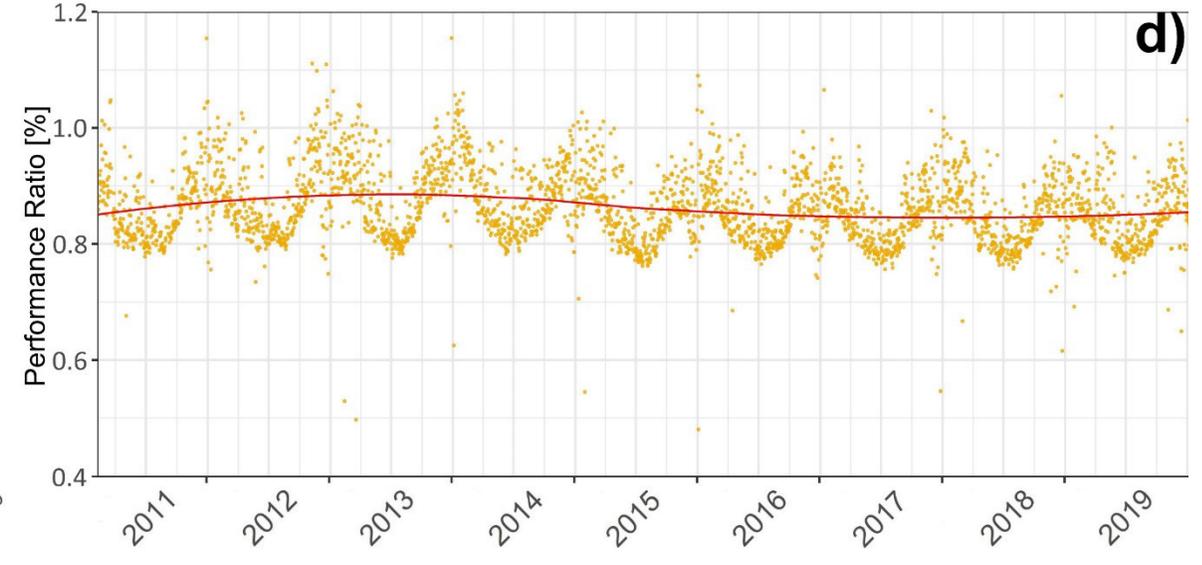
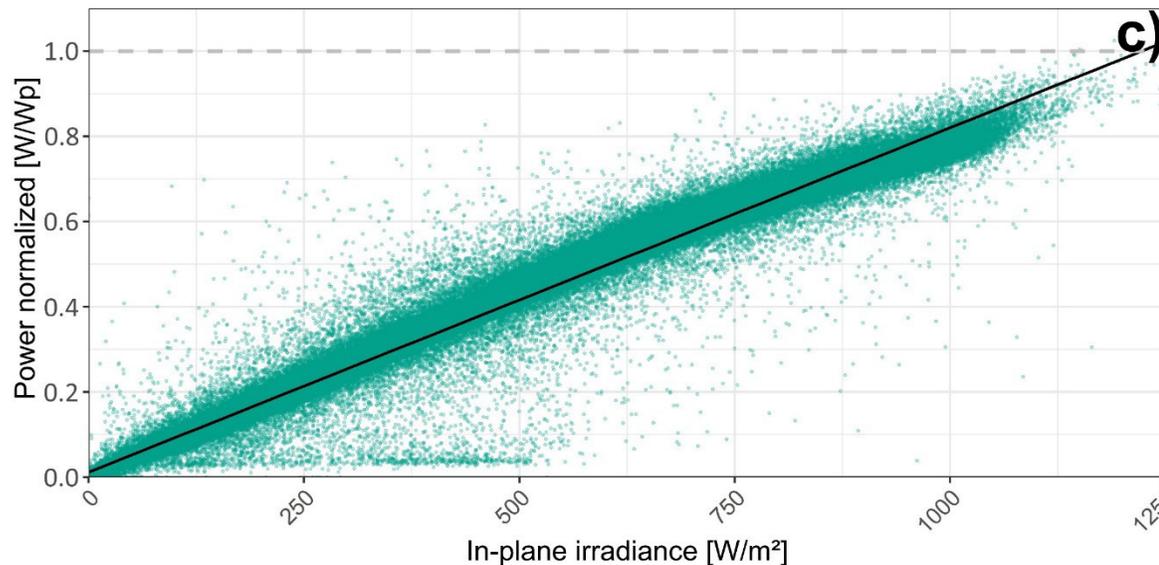
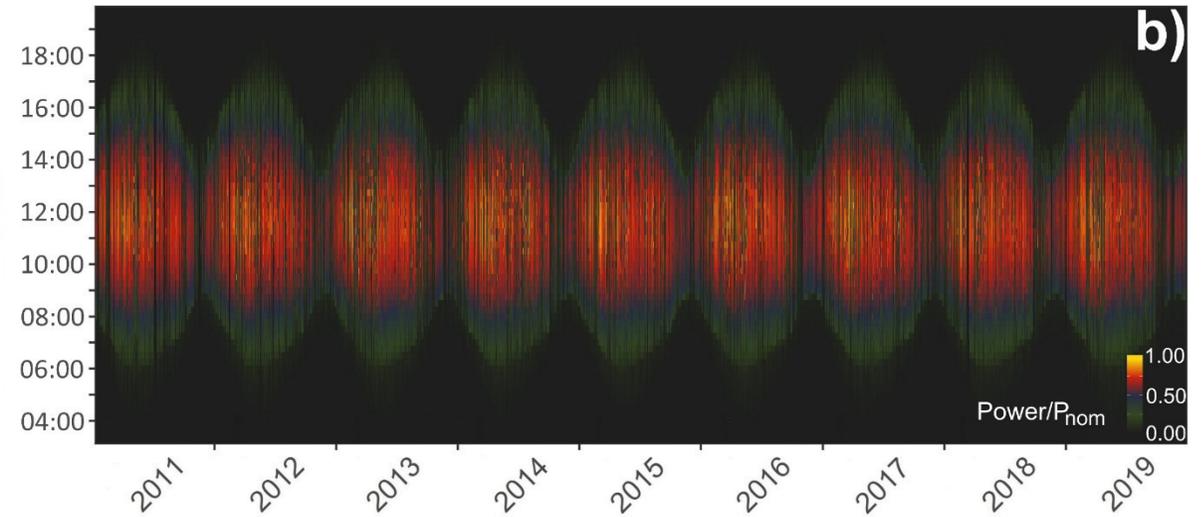
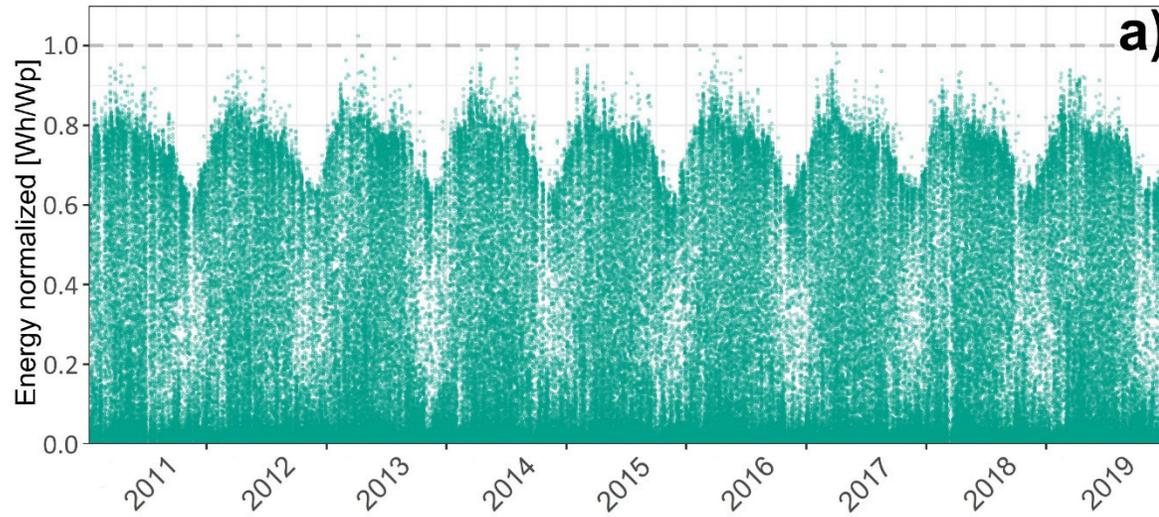
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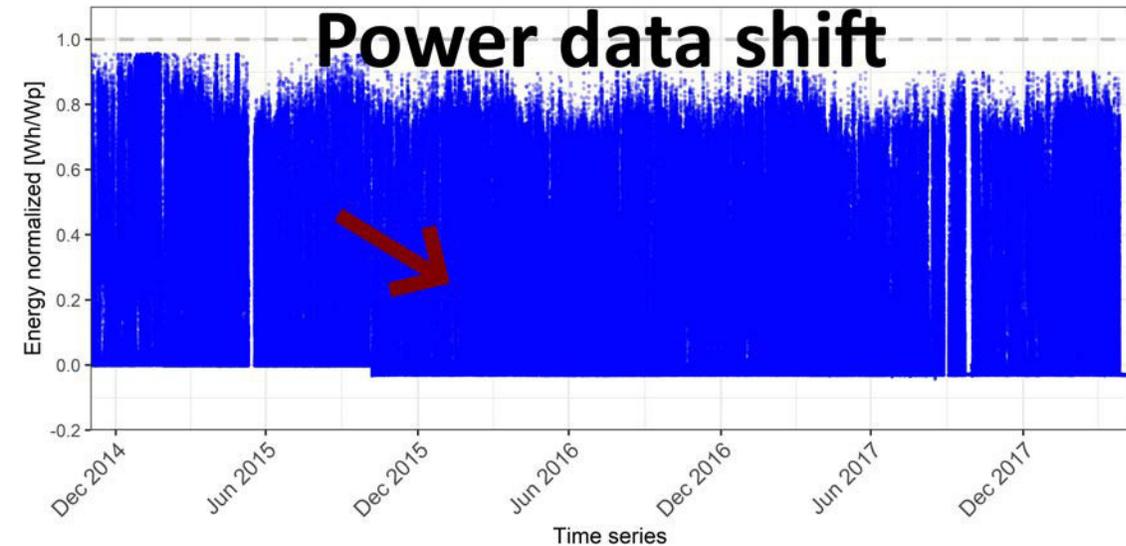
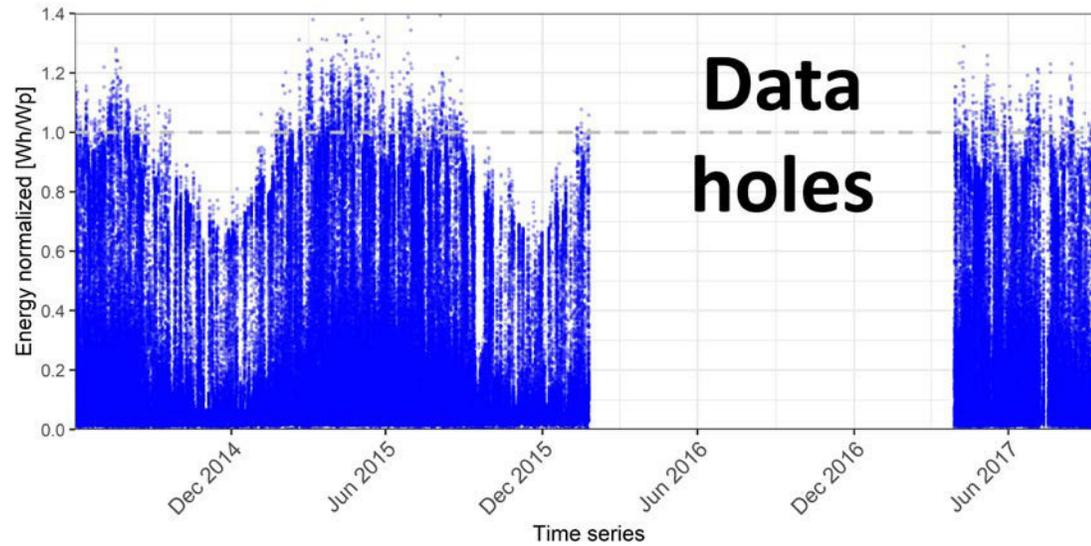
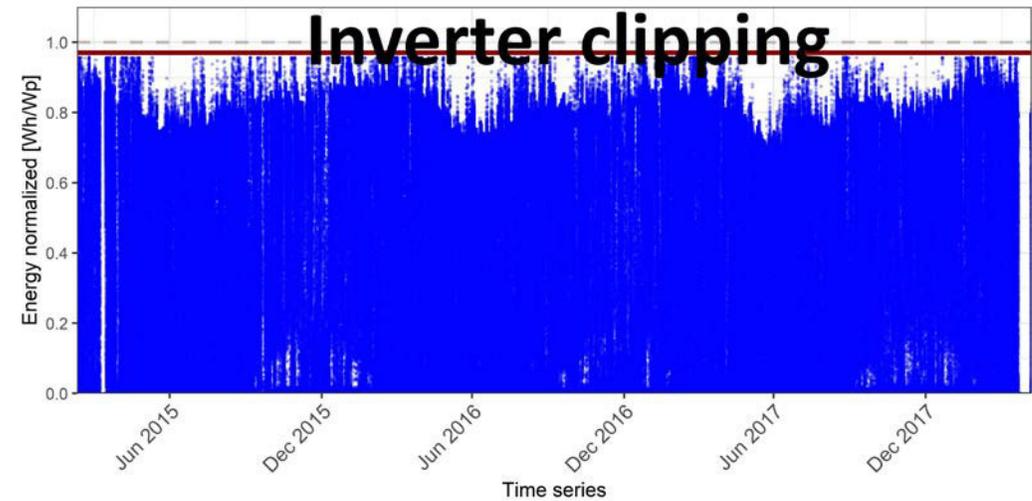
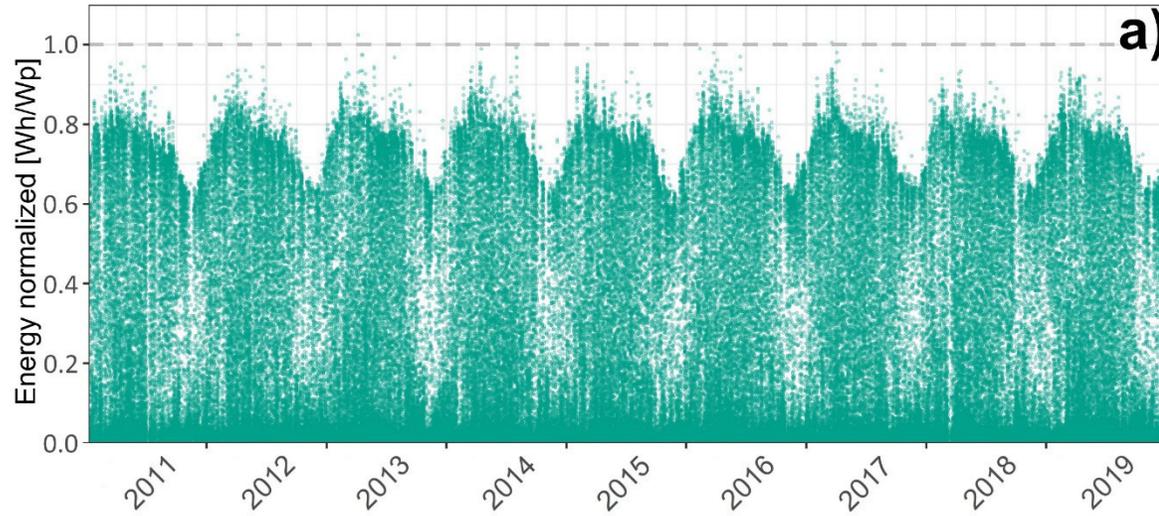
4.b *PLR* Determination

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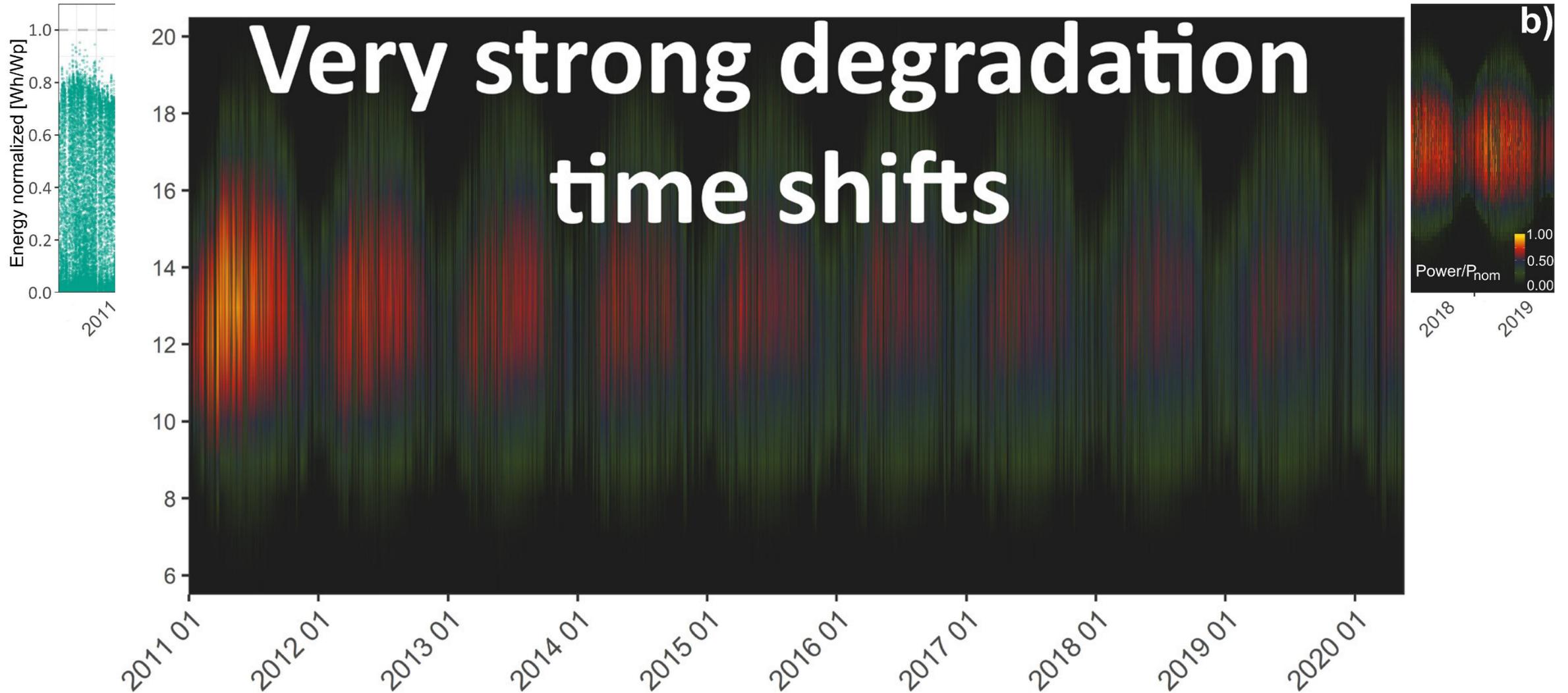
Input data availability & quality – Visual check



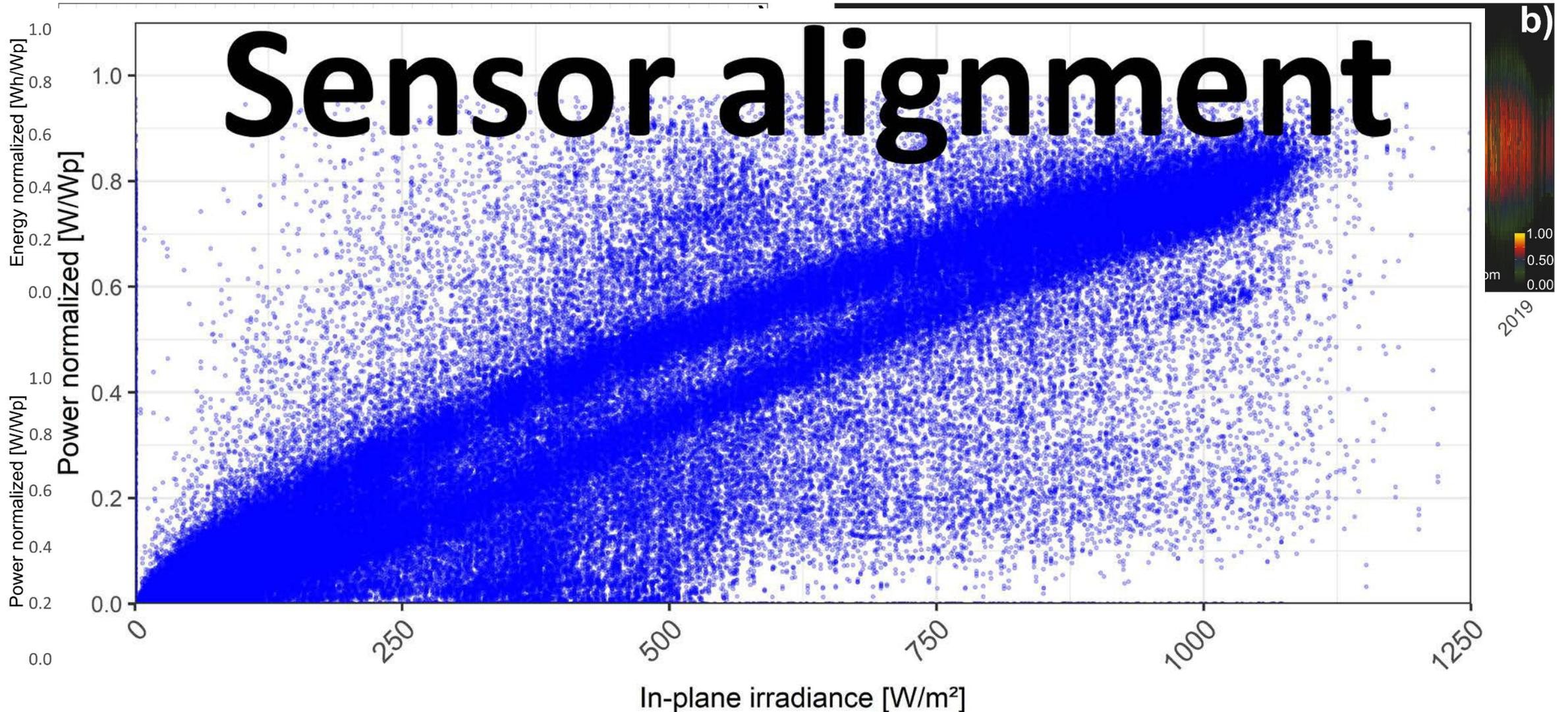
Input data availability & quality - examples



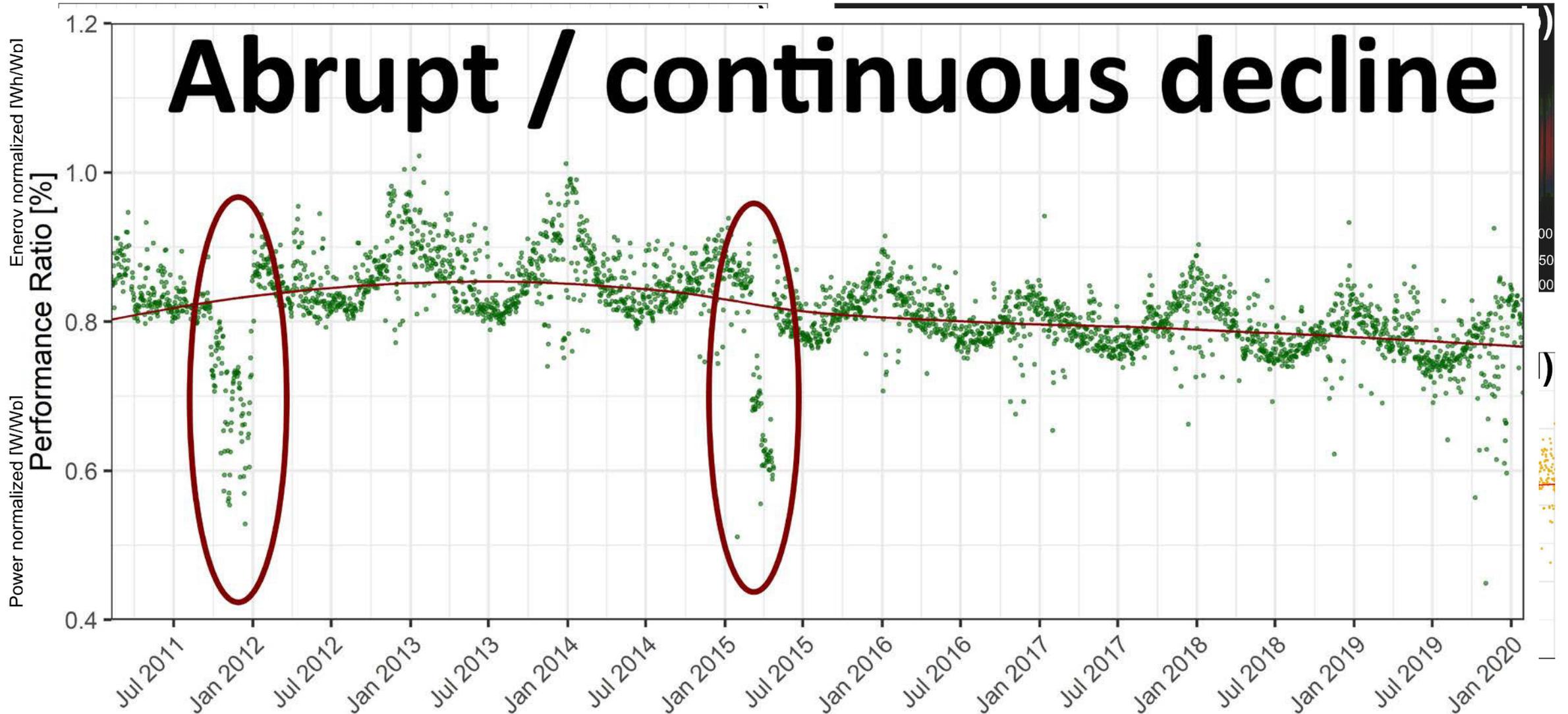
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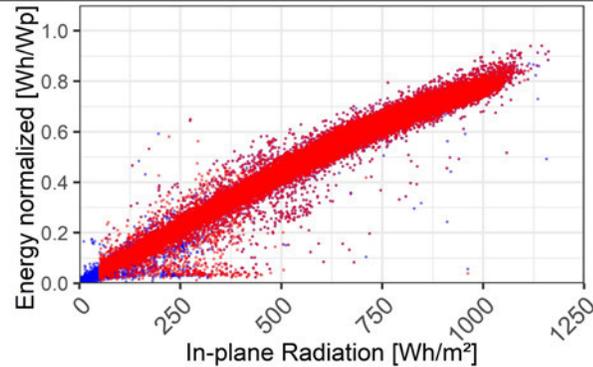
Data filtering

Filter 1 -

IEC Standard filter

$0.01 \cdot P_{nom} < power < 1.02 \cdot P_{nom}$
 $50 \text{ W/m}^2 < G_{POA} < 1200 \text{ W/m}^2$

Filter ratio: 78.4%

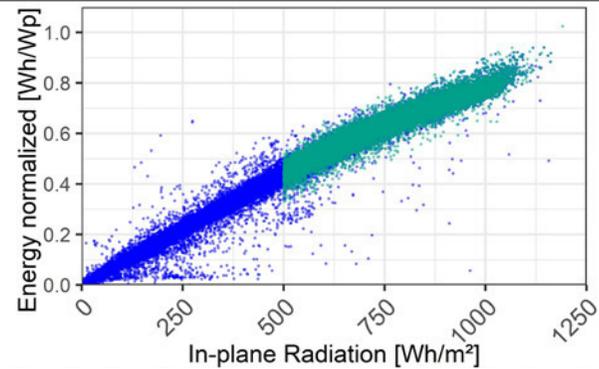


Filter 2 -

Own filter PLR calculations

$0.01 \cdot P_{nom} < power < 1.02 \cdot P_{nom}$
 $500 \text{ W/m}^2 < G_{POA} < 1200 \text{ W/m}^2$
 ± 2 standard deviations around monthly PR mode

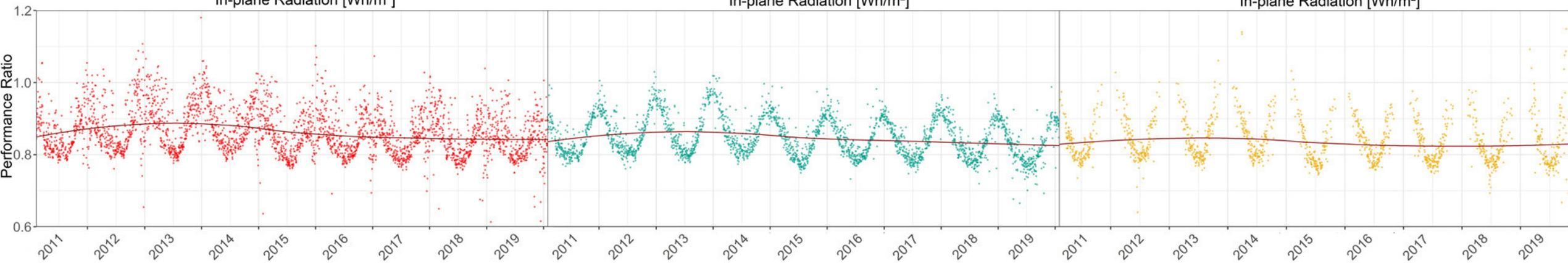
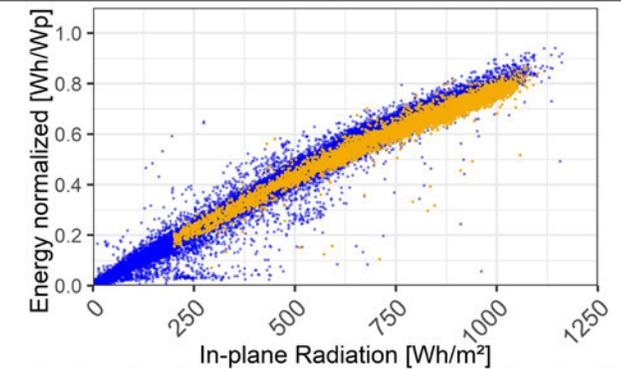
Filter ratio: 34.6%



Filter 3 -

clear-sky filter RdTools

$200 \text{ W/m}^2 < G_{POA} < 1200 \text{ W/m}^2$
 Sensor irradiance and modelled clear-sky irradiance agree within 15% window
 Filter ratio: 3.8%



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Performance Losses of systems in Pearl PV DB

Pearl PV DB³:

- Collection of over 8,000 system data sets
- Only power data available in 10 min resolution
- Most datasets 3 years or less

[2] S. Lindig, J. Ascencio-Vasquez, J. Leloux, D. Moser, and M. Topic, "Climate Related Dependence of Performance Losses of over 3,500 PV Systems," in 37th EUPVSEC Proceedings, Sep. 2020.

[3] A. Reinders et al., "Development of a big data bank for PV monitoring data, analysis and simulation in COST Action 'PEARL PV'," in 46th IEEE Photovoltaic Specialists Conference, Chicago, Jun. 2019.

Data input

- 10 min power time series
- Monthly ERA5 in-plane irradiation⁴

Outlier filtering

- SCSF: clear-sky modelling
- YoY & STL: $\pm 2\sigma$ around \overline{PR}
 - Filling with 6 month rolling mean

Metric selection & PLR calculation

- SCSF on daily clear-sky energy⁵
- YoY on monthly PR⁶
- STL on monthly PR⁷

[4] Copernicus Climate Change Service (C3S) ERA5: Fifth generation of ECMWF atmospheric reanalyses of the global climate. Copernicus Climate Change Service Climate Data Store (CDS) 2017.

[5] B. Meyers, et al, "Signal Processing on PV Time-Series Data: Robust Degradation Analysis Without Physical Models," IEEE Journal of Photovoltaics, 2019.

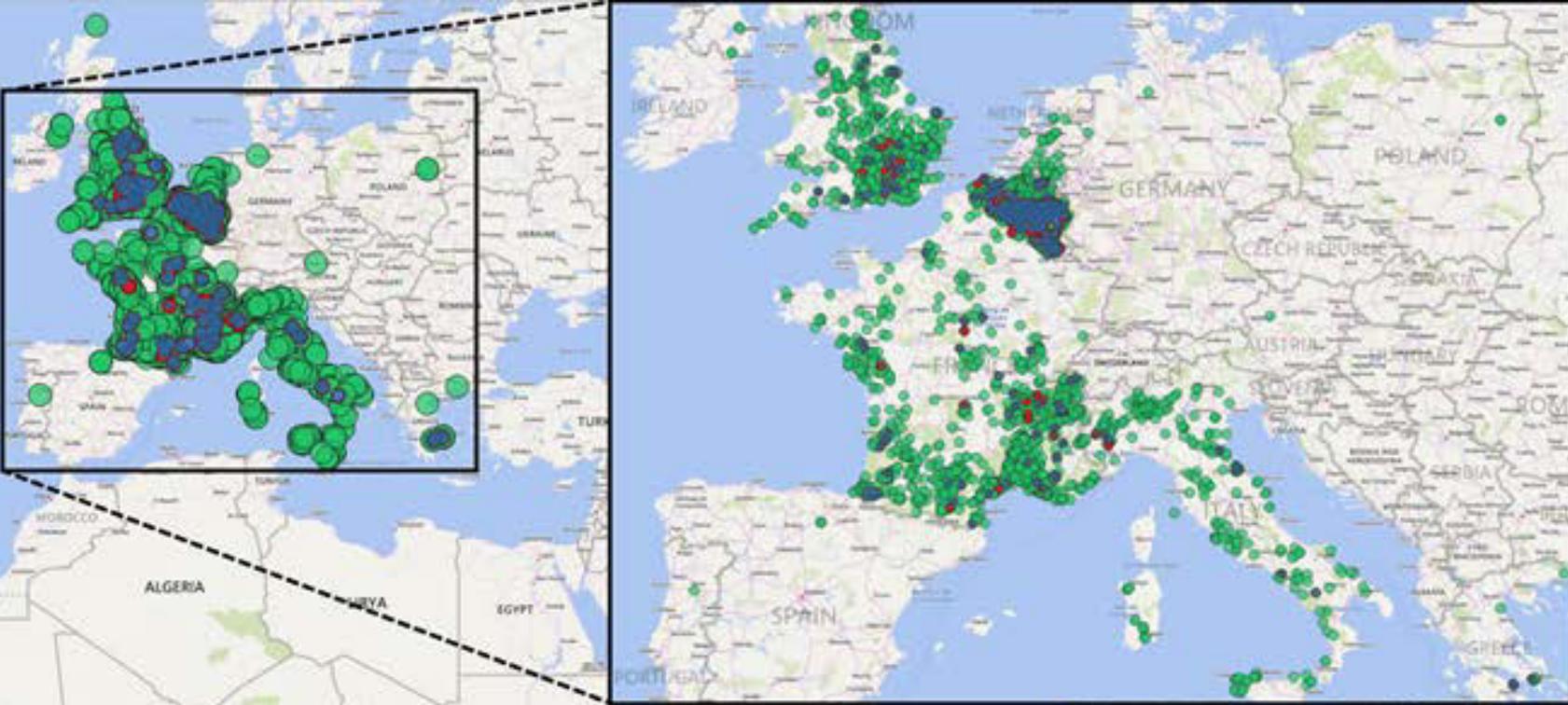
[6] D. Jordan, et al, "Robust PV Degradation Methodology and Application," IEEE Journal of Photovoltaics, 2017.

[7] R. B. Cleveland et al., "STL: A Seasonal-Trend Decomposition Procedure Based on LOESS," *Journal of Official Statistics*, 1990.

● All systems

● SCSF

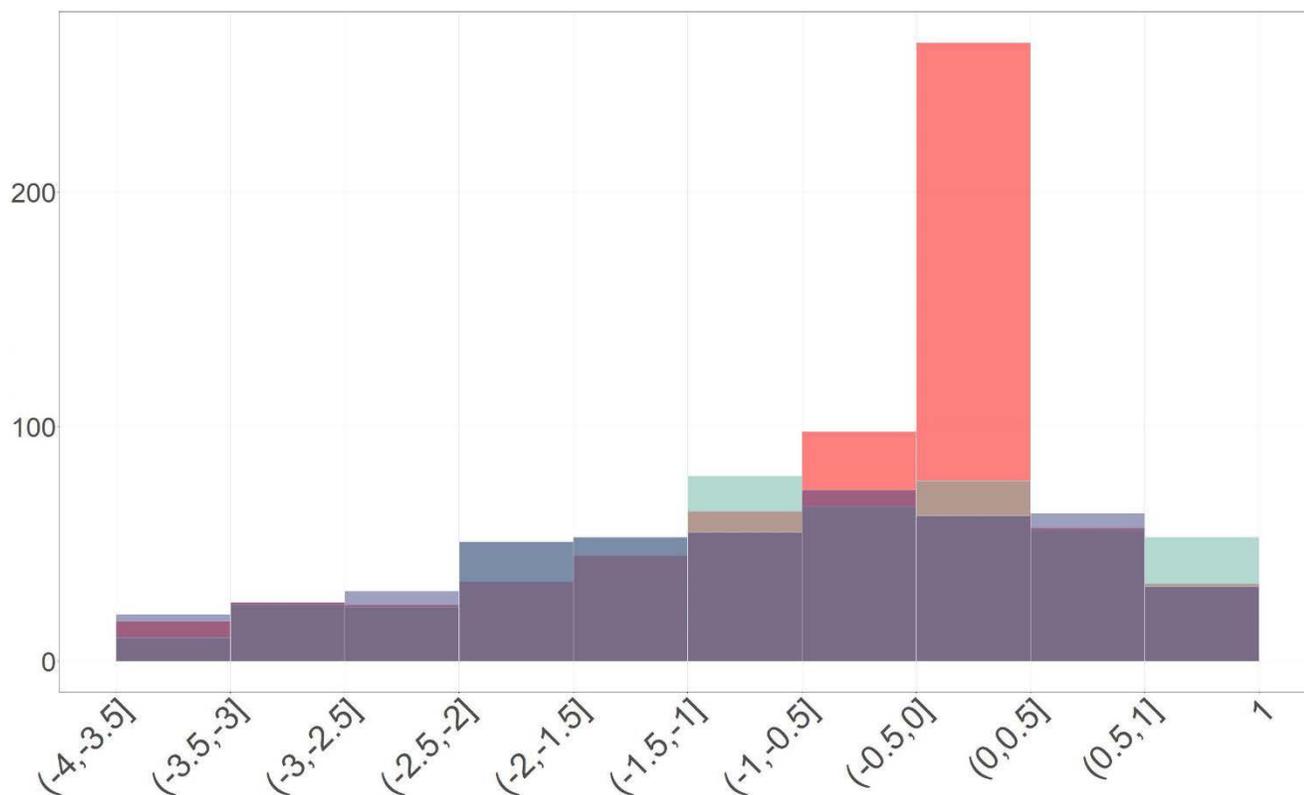
● (SCSF)+YoY/STL



	SCSF	YoY-ERA5	STL-ERA5
All systems	8,367		
FINAL	661	464	492

Minimum 3 years of data
 Availability Azimuth - Tilt
 $-4\%/a < PLR < 1\%/a$

Performance Losses of Pearl PV database



	Jordan ⁸	Kiefer ⁹
\overline{PLR}	-0.8 - -0.9 %/a	-0.7 %/a
\widetilde{PLR}	-0.5 - -0.6 %/a	

	SCSF	YoY	STL
\overline{PLR}	-0.74 %/a	-1.13 %/a	-0.97 %/a
\widetilde{PLR}	-0.4 %/a	-1.00 %/a	-0.90 %/a

[8] D. C. Jordan, et al, "Compendium of photovoltaic degradation rates," Progress in Photovoltaics Research and Application, vol. 24, no. 7, pp. 978-980, 2016.

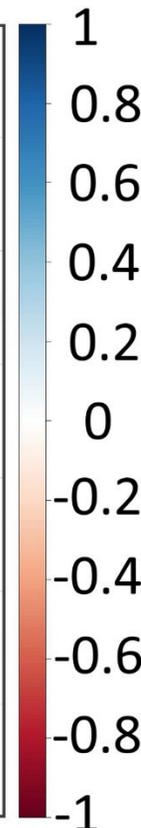
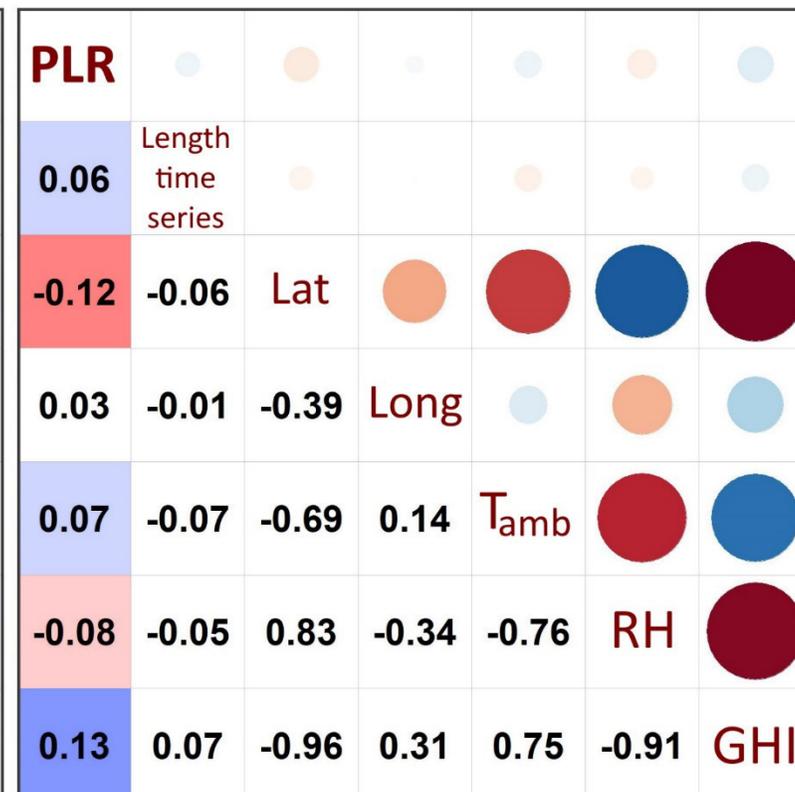
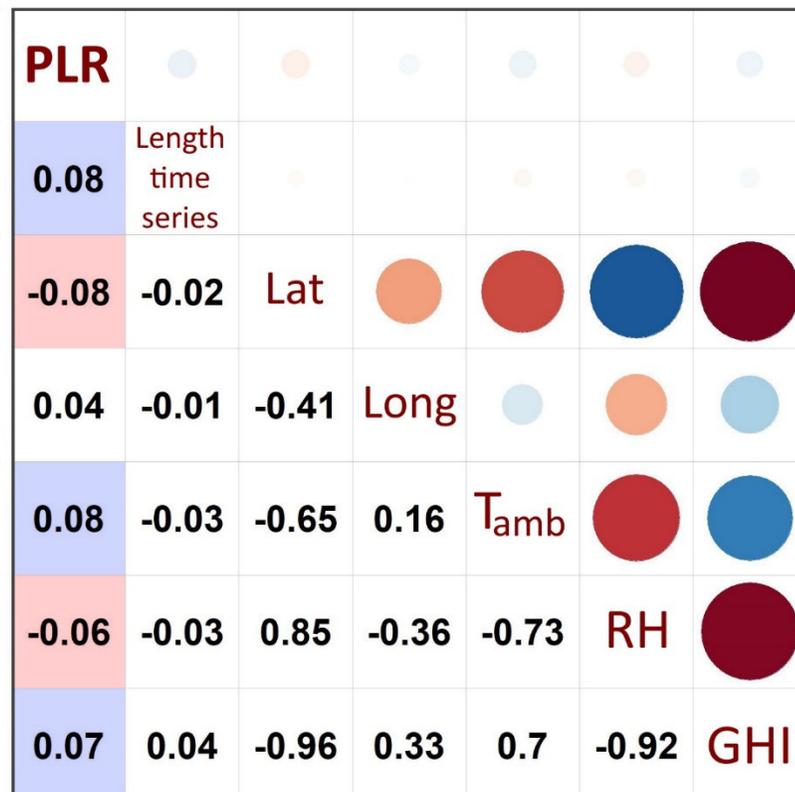
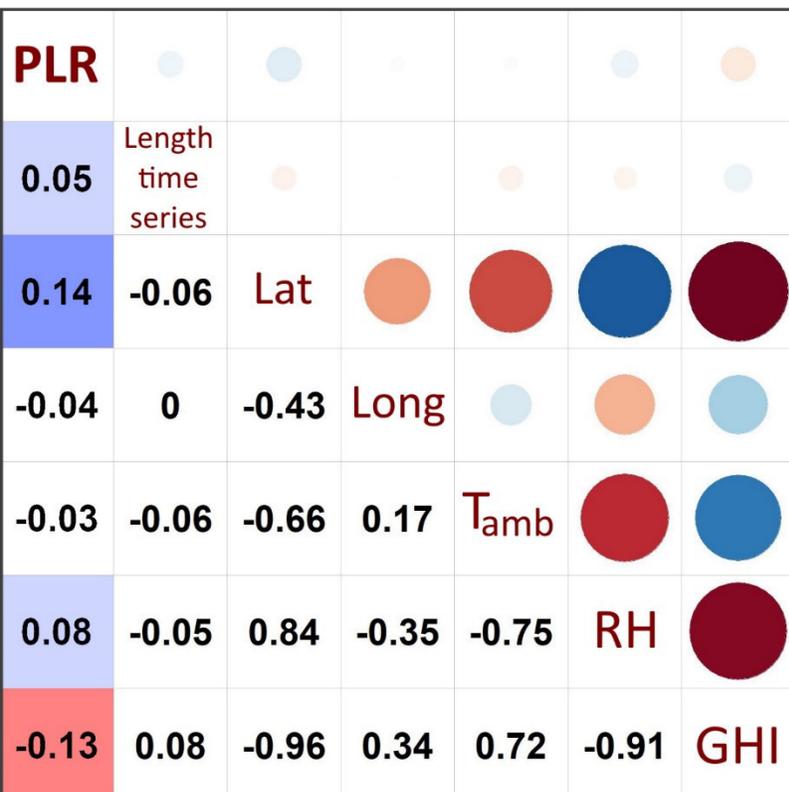
[9] K. Kiefer, et al, "Degradation in PV Power Plants: Theory and Practice," in 36th EU PVSEC, Marseille, 2019.

Performance Losses of Pearl PV database

SCSF

YoY with ERA5

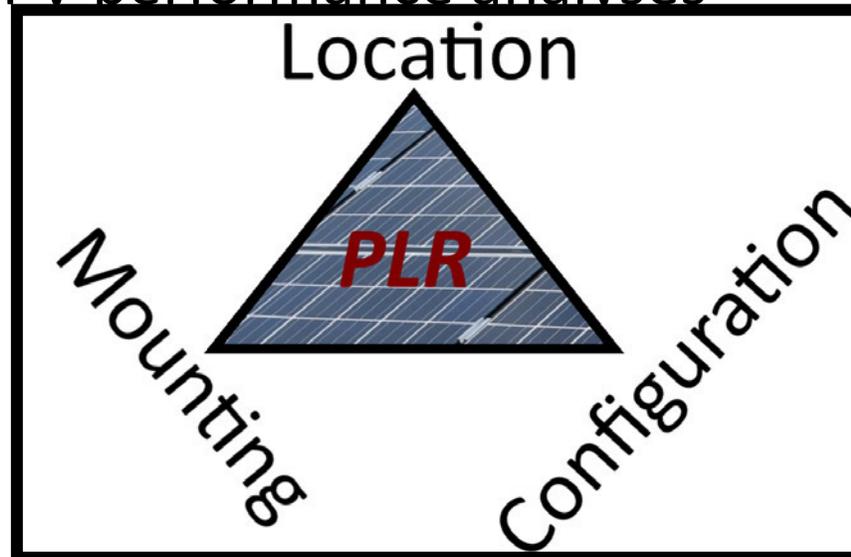
STL with ERA5



Summary

PLR is an important parameter to assess the **health status of a PV system**

- Calculating PLR values is not straightforward
 - Many variables have to be considered
 - The length and quality of the PV system time series is the most important characteristic of PV performance analyses





Thank you for your attention

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